MAGIC Meeting Minutes

May 3, 2017

Attendees

Alex Thai NCO/NITRD
Grant Miller NCO/NITRD
Ji Lee NCO/NITRD

Ian Foster ANL Devarshi N/A Jo Culbertson NSF David Martin **PNNL** ORNL Jack Wells Shantenu Jha Rutgers Ryan Prout ORNL Craig Tull **ORNL** Padma Krishnaswami **FCC** Vipin Chaudhary **NSF** Zhengchun liu ANL

Action Items

Proceedings

This MAGIC meeting was coordinated by Grant Miller of the NCO. Ian Foster from Argonne National Laboratory gave a presentation regarding Accelerating the experimental feedback loop: Data streams and the Advanced Photon Source.

Overview

Context: What is a light source, why are the experimental feedback loop and data streaming important?

Tomography: Experimental data feedback loop in practice

Optimizing: Modeling, analysis, and implementation methods to understand and improve performance

Automation: Further steps towards accelerating end-to-end experimental data lifecycles

Publishing: Collecting and organizing light source data

Futures: Some of the many other things that need to be done

Context

- APS is one four DOE synchroton light source operated by the U.S.
- Light sources are accelerated electrons bent by magnets to produce x-rays that are focused onto a small area
- Argonne is currently working on an APS upgrade (APS-U) that will include multi-bend achromats (MBA) that will greatly enhance the quality
- Major challenges from large data sets and advanced computation requirements arise from APS/APS-U

Tomography

- Experimental steering using HPC allows for real-time analysis of streaming experimental data
- Three smart online data acquisition strategies include: fixed angle, interleaved, and optimized interleaved
- Automated stream analysis system composed of: 1. Data Acquisition and Distribution, 2. Stream Reconstruction, and 3. Controller

Optimization

- APS is striving to understanding and optimizing multiple end-to-end pipelines
- Observation: Noticed Gaps between peak and average network load
- Differentiating traffic increases the average usage

Automation

- Ripple is a mechanism to transform static data graveyards into active, responsive storage devise
- Ripple recipes follow the IFTTT-inspired programming model
- A Ripple agent is composed of Triggers, Rule evaluation, and actions

Publishing

- Material Data Facility (Materialsdatafacility.org) aggregates and enables analysis of materials data and metadata
- Working on developing mechanisms to collect data automatically

Futures

- Challenges and Opportunities:
 - Create new scientific instruments that link data acquisition and computation to measure the previously unmeasurable & increase utility of, and access to, expensive resources
 - Enable reliable end-to-end streaming applications that span from instruments to networks to parallel computer memories
 - o Integrate pre-experiment and post-experiment activities
 - o Automation at all levels for throughput, reliability, and economy
 - Architect and operate distributed computing systems to support varied, often demanding and mission-critical, workloads
- Ian mentioned that managing different data streams is among his future priorities

NCO Report

- Broadband Research and Development Taskforce has been chartered under the Large Scale Networking (LSN) IWG
- BRD just held their first meeting 4/17. They will be compiling an inventory of federal programs focused on broadband R&D.

MAGIC Roundtable

David Martin – Argonne will be releasing a new SC called Theta (July 1st proposed date

Oakridge – Insight Call on June 23rd for Theta (Argonne/Oakridge joint call)

Next MAGIC Meeting

June 7, 12:00-2:00 Eastern, NSF, Room TBD

Please note that the regular time for the MAGIC meetings has permanently been changed to 12:00-2:00 Eastern.